

# CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

# ACCLAIM<sup>®</sup>

## HERBICIDE

**ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/L FLUROXYPYR present as the METHYLHEPTYL ESTER**  
**SOLVENT: 586 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON**

GROUP		HERBICIDE
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For the control of a wide range of broadleaf Weeds in Fallow, Lucerne, Maize, Millets, Pastures, Poppies, Sorghum, Sugar cane, Sweet corn, Winter Cereals. Also for the control of Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop areas, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests, Pastures and Rights-of-way, as specified in the Directions for Use.

**IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT**

**CONTENTS : 20L, 110L, 1000L**

APVMA Approval No: 60495/ 55404



SIPCAM PACIFIC AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED  
Level 1, 191 Malop Street Geelong VIC 3220

® Registered Trademark of Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd

# ACCLAIM HERBICIDE

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

### Refillable containers

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

## SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

Wear protective equipment (See **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal (See **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL** section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing the spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves, a face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day's use wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

## FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26). If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, [www.sipcam.com.au](http://www.sipcam.com.au)

## NOTICE TO BUYER

This product must be used in accordance with the directions for use. Where this product is not a good of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use or consumption under the Australian Consumer Law, Sipcam's liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss which you incur, including, without limitation, loss or damage to crop, loss of equipment, property damage, personal injury or death is limited, at Sipcam's option, to the replacement of the product or the supply of an equivalent product. By opening this package, you agree to be bound by these terms. If you do not agree to these terms, please return the entire unopened package intact to Sipcam or the place in which you purchased this product for a full refund.

Batch No:

Date of Manufacture:

**This product is NOT a Dangerous Good under the Australian Code for the transport of Dangerous Goods by road and rail.**

**For specialist advice in emergency only, call  
1800 033 111 all hours, Australia wide**



## G.H.S STATEMENTS

**HAZARDS** H227: Combustible liquid. AUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**PREVENTION** P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. P273: Avoid release to the environment.

**RESPONSE** P352: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.

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### THIS LEAFLET IS PART OF THE LABEL.

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## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

### **RESTRAINTS:**

- **DO NOT** apply to plants which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected) poor nutrition, presence of disease, or previous herbicide treatment as reduced levels of control may result.
- Thorough coverage of both foliage and stems, to the point of runoff, is essential for high volume applications (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; application methods **WOODY WEED SITUATIONS** section).
- **DO NOT** spray if rain is likely to occur within one hour.

Table 1: Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas and Rights-of-Way, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests and Pastures.

Table 2: Established Grass Pastures (Ground and Aerial)

Table 3: Sorghum, Maize, Millets and Sweet corn

Table 4: Winter Cereals (Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale)

Table 5: Summer Fallow

Table 6: Winter Fallow

Table 7: Sugar cane

Table 8: Lucerne (established only)

Table 9: Poppies

**Table 1: Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas and Rights-of-Way, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests and Pastures.**

Legumes present at the time of spraying will be severely damaged.

HIGH VOLUME APPLICATION: Dilute product with water. See General Instructions – Application Method for application details				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/ 100 L water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bathurst burr Noogoora burr	Seedlings and young plants up to 40 cm high	NSW, NT, Qld, WA only	75	Add Uptake* Spraying Oil (see <b>General Instructions</b> ; Oils and surfactants).  <b>Boom spray:</b> Acclaim at 0.3 L/ha + 0.5 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L)
Black bindweed (climbing buckwheat)	Seedlings and young plants before flowering	NSW, Qld only	300	
<i>Mimosa pigra</i>	Apply from mid to late summer	NT, WA only	500	
Common sensitive plant	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering	Qld, WA only		
Bellyache bush		Qld, NSW, WA only		
Blackberry nightshade Bokhara clover		NSW, Qld only		
Caltrop (yellow vine) ( <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> ) ( <i>T. micrococcus</i> )	Seedlings and young plants up to 30 cm diameter			
Cobblers pegs	Up to 15 cm high			
Cockspur thorn	Up to 3 m high			
Creeping lantana	At flowering			
Crofton weed Mistflower	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			
Docks ( <i>Rumex</i> spp.)	Seedlings and rosettes up to 30 cm high			
Hexham scent	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			
Honey locust	Seedlings and young plants up to 2 m high			
Small flowered mallow ( <i>Marshmallow</i> ) ( <i>Malva parviflora</i> )	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			
Yellowflower Devil's claw	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			

**Table 1 (continued): Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas and Rights-of-Way, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests and Pastures.**

HIGH VOLUME APPLICATION: Dilute product with water. See General Instructions – Application Method for application details				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/ 100 L of water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Lantana	Seedlings and regrowth 0.5 to 1.2 m high	NSW, Qld only	500	Apply to actively growing plants from October to April. Some regrowth may occur particularly when treating old woody plants with sparse canopies.
	Plants and regrowth 1.2 to 2 m high		1000	
Blue heliotrope	Flowering	NSW, Qld only	500	
Limebush	Infestations up to 1.5 m high only			
Madeira vine	Apply at time of active growth			
Milkweed ( <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i> )	3 leaf to flowering	Qld only	1000	Repeat applications will be necessary to control subsequent germinations.
Common sowthistle	Seedlings and young plants up to bolting	NSW, Qld only	500	Add a surfactant (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants).
Mother-of-millions ( <i>Kalanchoe</i> spp.)	Seedling and young plants before flowering		600	
Prickly acacia	Seedling and young plants up to 2 m high	Qld only	750	Add Uptake* Spraying Oil (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants). Consult Tropical Weeds Research Centre, Charters Towers, for specific advice on application
<i>Sida</i> spp.	Seedling and young plants up to flowering	NSW, NT, Qld, WA	1000	
Broadleaf Pepper tree ( <i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i> )	Mature leaves, fruiting	Qld only	500	Winter application only. Contact Alan Fletcher Research Station for more information.
Flannel weed ( <i>Sida cordifolia</i> )				
Snakeweed (Dark and light blue)	Seedling and young plants before flowering		750	Add Uptake* Spraying Oil (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants).
Stinking Passion Flower	Established plants and regrowth	Qld, NT, WA	450	Use 70mL/15 L for a knapsack.
Wandering jew ( <i>Tradescantia albiflora</i> )	Young plants up to and including flowering	All States	1500	Some regrowth will usually occur and will require retreatment.
Wattles (including <i>Acacia aulacocarpa</i> , <i>A. decora</i> , <i>A. harpophylla</i> , <i>A. leiocalyx</i> , <i>A. salicina</i> )	Seeding plants or regrowth 0.5 to 1.2 m high	NSW, Qld only	500	Apply to actively growing plants when soil moisture is plentiful. Some regrowth may occur particularly when treating old woody plants with sparse canopies and under dry conditions.
	Plants or regrowth 1.2 to 2.0 m high only		1000	

**Table 1 (continued): Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas and Rights-of-Way, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests and Pastures.**

<b>BASAL PARK AND CUT STUMP APPLICATION: Dilute product with diesel.</b> <b>See General Instructions – Application Method for application details</b>				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/100 L of DIESEL	CRITICAL COMMENTS
<i>Celtis (Celtis sinensis)</i>	<b>Basal Bark only:</b> Young plants up to 2 m high and 20 cm basal diameter	Qld only	3.5	Treat stems from ground level to where multi-stemmed trunks branch.
Chinee apple	Up to 15 cm basal diameter		3	With basal bark, treat circumference of stem to a height of 45cm from the ground. Contact the Queensland Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI) for further information on Chinee Apple.
Cockspur thorn	<b>Basal Bark only:</b> Up to 5 cm basal diameter		2	
<i>Mimosa bush (Acacia farnesiana)</i>	Up to 5 cm basal diameter	Qld, WA only	3	
Prickly acacia	Up to 10 cm basal diameter	Qld only	1.5	
Honey locust	Plants up to 10 cm basal diameter	Qld, NSW only	1.5	With basal bark, treat circumference of stem to a height of 45cm from the ground. <b>For cut stump application</b> use a rate of 5L/100 diesel for all plant sizes. Contact the Queensland Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI) for further information on Honey Locust.
	Plants 10 to 20 cm basal diameter		3	
	Plants >20cm basal diameter		5	
Sisal hemp ( <i>Agave</i> spp.)	All growth stages	Qld only	3	Treat as an overall spray. Contact the Queensland Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI), for advice to control large infestations.
			10 mL undiluted product per plant	Lever out centre of plant with crowbar and immediately treat the exposed cut area
<b>BROADCAST AND AERIAL APPLICATION: Dilute product with water.</b> <b>See General Instructions – Application Method for application details</b>				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/100L water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
<i>Mimosa pigra</i>	Actively growing plants	NT, WA only	3L	Aerial application: Add Uptake Spraying Oil at the rate of 1 L/100 L spray mix. Apply to actively growing plants from mid to late summer. Contact the Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, NT for further information.
<b>LOW VOLUME, HIGH CONCENTRATE APPLICATION: Use a drench gun or gas-powered gun.</b> <b>See General Instructions – Application Method for application details</b>				
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/100L water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Limebush	Isolated bushes up to 1.2 m high only	NSW, Qld only	1	Apply a 50 mL dose per 5m <sup>2</sup> of bush surface area.
Tree violet ( <i>Hymenantha dentata</i> )	Apply from late flowering to green fruit up to 1.2 m high	NSW only		Apply a 50 mL dose per cubic metre of bush

**Table 2: Established Grass Pastures (Ground and Aerial)**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/100L water	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Blue billygoat weed. Common sensitive plant Giant sensitive plant Spinyhead sida	Apply before flowering	Qld, WA only	1.5	Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1 L/ha
St John's wort	Apply from bud to full bloom (usually late Nov to early Jan)	ACT, NSW and Vic only	3	Some regrowth will occur. Treat regrowth the following season for best results. Use at least 200 L water/ha.
Silverleaf nightshade	From onset of flowering to early berry-set (usually spring to mid-summer)	NSW only	0.75 or 0.375 + 1.2-1.6 Amine 625	Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1 L/ha. To ensure maximum effect, delay application until the majority of shoots have emerged. Follow-up treatment of regrowth is critical for best control.

**Table 3A: Sorghum, Maize, Millets and Sweet corn (NSW & Qld only)**

CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sorghum	Apply when secondary roots are present, from 4 fully expanded leaves (15 cm tall) up to boot (also see CRITICAL COMMENTS)	Annual ground cherry Wild gooseberry ( <i>Physalis</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf Up to 15 cm tall	0.5	<b>Sorghum:</b> From 8 leaf to boot stage, use dropper nozzles to prevent herbicide coming in contact with the crop's leaves and the growing point (meristem).
			15 to 30 cm tall	0.75	
		Apple-of-Peru	Seedling plants up to 15 cm tall		
		Bathurst burr Noogoora burr	2 to 8 leaf Up to 20 cm tall	0.5	
Maize & Sweet corn	Apply when secondary roots are present, from 3 fully expanded leaves (10 cm tall) up to just before tasselling (see CRITICAL COMMENTS)		20 to 50 cm tall	0.75	<b>Maize and sweet corn:</b> From 6 leaf to just before tasselling, use dropper nozzles to prevent the herbicides coming in contact with the crop's leaves and the growing point (meristem).
		Pigweed ( <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> )	Up to 10 cm diameter	0.5	
			10 to 30 cm diameter	0.75	
Millets	Spray when secondary roots have developed, usually early to mid-tillering, and not later than before heads start to form at the base of tillers. (See CRITICAL COMMENTS)	Sesbania pea	2 to 6 leaf Up to 10 cm tall	1.5	<b>Millets: DO NOT</b> use mixes of Acclaim + atrazine on Japanese millet ( <i>Echinochloa esculenta</i> ).  Acclaim + atrazine can be safely applied to: French millet ( <i>Panicum milaceum</i> ) Foxtail millet ( <i>Setaria italic var. panorama</i> )  <sup>(1)</sup> This treatment may be slightly damaging to the crop. To minimise crop damage apply using dropper nozzles <b>at all crop stages.</b>
			Full flower to early berry	0.75 + LI700 at 1 L/ha	
		Silverleaf nightshade (NSW only) <sup>(1)</sup>			
		Starburr ( <i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i> ) (Qld only)	Up to 12 leaf and before flowering	1.5 or 0.75 + 2 L atrazine (500 g/L)	
		Thornapples ( <i>Datura</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf Up to 15 cm tall	0.75	
		Volunteer sunflower	2 to 5 leaf Up to 20 cm tall	1	



**Table 3B: Sorghum, Maize, Millets and Sweet corn (NSW & Qld only)**

Acclaim in tank-mixes with atrazine: Sorghum, Maize and Sweet corn.					
CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sorghum Maize & sweetcorn	Spray when secondary roots are present from 4 fully expanded leaves (15 cm tall) up to boot (also see CRITICAL COMMENTS).	<i>Amaranthus</i> spp. Including: Boggabri weed, Dwarf amaranth, Green amaranth, Redshank Anoda weed Bladder ketmia Black pigweed ( <i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i> ) Caltrope (yellow vine), including <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> , <i>T. microccus</i> and <i>T. maximus</i> Cowvine (peach vine) ( <i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i> ) Hairy wandering jew ( <i>Commelina benghalensis</i> ) Mintweed	Seedling plants up to 15 cm tall or rosettes up to 15 cm diameter	0.5 + 1.5 of atrazine flowable (500 g/L) or 0.75 + 2 of atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	<b>Use the low rate</b> (0.5 + 1.5 L) when weeds are small (5-7 cm tall/ diameter).  <b>Use the high rate</b> (0.75 + 2 L) when the weeds are larger (7 - 15 cm tall/ diameter).  Acclaim is generally more compatible with <b>Liquid atrazine products (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; compatibility section)</b> .  Add a surfactant (See <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants).  <b>DO NOT</b> add an oil to mixtures of Acclaim and atrazine.  <b>Millets: DO NOT</b> use mixes of Acclaim + atrazine on Japanese millet ( <i>Echinochloa esculenta</i> ).  Acclaim + atrazine can be safely applied to: French millet ( <i>Panicum milaceum</i> ) Foxtail millet ( <i>Setaria italic var. panorama</i> )
Maize & sweetcorn	Apply when secondary roots are present from 3 fully expanded leaves (10 cm tall) up to just before tasselling (see CRITICAL COMMENTS)				
Millets	Spray when secondary roots have developed usually early to mid-tillering and not later than before heads start to form at the base of the tillers (see CRITICAL COMMENTS)				
		<i>Euphorbia davidii</i>	Cotyledons to 4 nodes up to 15 cm	1 + 2 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	
		Volunteer peanuts	Up to 15 cm diameter	1 + 4.5 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	
Acclaim in tank mixes with Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide®					
CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sorghum	Up to 5-7 leaf stage	Boggabri weed, noogoora burr, sow thistle (milk thistle), turnip weed, wild gooseberry. Annual ground cherry, apple of Peru, Bathurst burr, Bladder ketmia, caltrop (yellow vine), cow vine (peach vine), dwarf amaranth, giant (black) pigweed, pigweed (red), thorn apples ( <i>Datura spp</i> )	Seedling plants up to 15 cm tall or rosettes up to 15 cm diameter.	0.5-0.75 + 1.1 Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide®	Always add Hasten at 500mL/100L water.  Refer to the Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide® label for further details.

**Table 3B (CONTINUED): Sorghum, Maize, Millets and Sweet corn (NSW & Qld only)**

Sweet corn: Tasmania only					
CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sweet corn only	3 to 5 leaf	Blackberry nightshade Volunteer potatoes	3 to 5 leaf	1	

**Table 4: Winter Cereals (Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale)**

CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Apply from 3 leaf to flag (Zadoks 13 to 39)	Bedstraw ( <i>Galium tricornutum</i> )	1 to 3 whorl	Vic, SA, WA	1	<sup>(1)</sup> <b>Add either Uptake or a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Oils and surfactants).</b>	
	Cleavers ( <i>Galium aparine</i> )		NSW, Vic only			
	Black bindweed ( <i>Climbing buckwheat</i> )	2 to 4 leaf	NSW, Qld only	NSW, Qld only	0.5 <sup>(1)</sup>	Useful suppression only. <b>Mixtures:</b> Mixing partners with Acclaim may reduce crop selectivity. Apply at crop growth sages according to the mixing partner's recommendation.
		2 to 6 leaf			0.75 or 0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Common sowthistle ( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> )	2 to 5 leaf			1	
	Deadnettle	2 to 6 leaf			1.5 or 0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Spiny emex (Doublegee, Three cornered jack)	2 to 4 leaf	NSW, SA, Qld, WA	NSW, SA, Qld, WA	1	
	Prickly lettuce	2 to 5 leaf	NSW, Qld, Tas, Vic, WA	NSW, Qld, Tas, Vic, WA	1	
	Volunteer lupins	2 to 8 leaf	NSW, Vic, WA only	NSW, Vic, WA only	1.5	
	Volunteer potato	10 to 15 cm tall	WA and Tas only	WA and Tas only		Plants 15 to 30 cm tall will only be suppressed.
	Wireweed	2 to 3 leaf	NSW, Qld, SA, Tas, Vic, WA	NSW, Qld, SA, Tas, Vic, WA		
			NSW and Qld only	NSW and Qld only	0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Bittercress ( <i>Coronopus didymus</i> ) Mustards Shepherd's purse Turnip weed Wild radish Wild turnip	Up to 8 leaf and up to 15 cm diameter	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, Tas, WA	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, Tas, WA	0.5 to 1.5 + Metsulfuron methyl <sup>(1)</sup> or Eclipse <sup>(1)</sup> or MCPA LVE or MCPA amine	The Acclaim rate depends on what other weeds are present as listed above. See <b>Mixtures</b> comment above. Metsulfuron methyl (600g/kg) @ 5 g/ha (this mix does not control wild radish). Eclipse @ 5-7 g/ha (use the 5 g rate on turnip weed only). MCPA LVE (500 g/L) @ 700 mL/ha. MCPA Amine (500 g/L) @ 1.0 L/ha.

**Table 5: Summer Fallow**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Annual ground cherry Wild gooseberry <i>Physalis</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf, up to 15 cm tall	NSW, Qld only	0.75 <sup>(2)</sup>	<sup>(1)</sup> Add Uptake* Spraying Oil (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants).  When mixing with Glyphosate 450 to control both grass and broadleaf weeds, refer to the Glyphosate 450 label for use rates and adjuvants recommended for the grasses (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; compatibility section).  <sup>(2)</sup> Delay treatment until the maximum number of shoots have emerged, but before the onset of fruiting (late summer). DO NOT treat plants showing symptoms from previous treatment. Use the high rate when longer term weed control (6-10 months) is required and delay planting crops during this period. The low rate will require follow-up treatments.
Bathurst burr Noogoora burr	2 to 8 leaf, up to 20 cm tall	NSW, Qld, Vic, WA only		
Bellvine	Pre-flowering	NSW, Qld only	0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450	
Bladder ketmia	4 to 8 leaf, up to 10 cm tall			
Cowvine (Peach vine) <i>Ipomoea lonchophylla</i>	2 to 10 leaf up to 10 cm diameter		0.5 + 1.0 Glyphosate 450	
Caltrope (yellow vine), including <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> , <i>T. maximus</i> and <i>T. microccus</i>	Up to 15 cm diameter		0.75 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Pigweed <i>(Portulaca oleracea)</i>	Up to 10 cm diameter		0.75 + 1.0 Glyphosate 450	
	Up to 60 cm diameter		1 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450	
<i>Polymeria pusilla</i>	2 to 10 leaf up to 20 cm diameter		1 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.375 + 0.8 Glyphosate 450	
Rhynchosia	Seedlings to early flowering		1 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Smallflower mallow or Marshmallow <i>(Malva parviflora)</i>	Up to 8 leaf up to 20 cm diameter		0.75 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450	
Thornapples <i>(Datura</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf up to 15 cm diameter	NSW, Qld, WA only	1.5 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450	
Sesbania pea	2 to 6 leaf up to 10 cm tall	NSW Qld only	1.5 or 3 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Perennial Ground Cherry <i>(Physalis virginiana)</i>	Bud to early flowering up to 20 cm tall			
Silverleaf nightshade	Full flower to early berry-set (usually Dec – Feb)	NSW only	0.75 or 0.375 + 1.2-1.6 Amine 625	Add Uptake Spraying Oil at the rate of 1 L/100 L spray mixture. To ensure maximum effect, delay application until the majority of shoots have emerged. Follow-up treatment will be required to control regrowth and is critical for optimum control. If wanting to prevent seed set repeat applications may be needed in the same season, although this does not lead to better long term control.
Volunteer peanuts	Up to 15 cm diameter	Qld only	1 + 4.5 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	Add a surfactant (see <b>General Instructions</b> ; Oils and surfactants). <b>Important:</b> see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; compatibility section).
Volunteer sunflowers	2 to 5 leaf up to 20 cm	NSW, Qld only	1	Add Uptake Spraying Oil (see <b>General Instructions</b> ; Oils and surfactants section).

**Table 6: Winter Fallow**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/100Lwater	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bedstraw ( <i>Galium tricornutum</i> )	Up to 5 whorl	Vic, SA, WA only	1 <sup>(1)</sup>	(1) Add Uptake Spraying Oil (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants section).
Cleavers ( <i>Galium aparine</i> )		NSW, Vic only		
Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat)	2 to 8 leaf up to 10 cm diameter	NSW Qld only	0.75 <sup>(1)</sup>	(2) Add Uptake or a surfactant (see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Oils and surfactants section).  When mixing with Glyphosate 450 to control both grass and broadleaf weeds, refer to the Roundup Ct label for use rates and adjuvants recommended for the grasses ((see <b>GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS</b> ; Compatibility Section).
Common sowthistle ( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> )	2 to 5 leaf up to 10 cm diameter		1.0 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 + 0.6 Glyphosate 450	
Prickly lettuce	2 to 8 leaf		1.5 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 <sup>(2)</sup> + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl (600g/kg)	
Spiny emex (Doublegee, Three cornered jack)			1.5 <sup>(1)</sup> or 0.5 <sup>(2)</sup> + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl (600g/kg) or 0.5 <sup>(2)</sup> + 0.6 Glyphosate 450	
Wireweed	2 to 3 leaf up to 10 cm tall			

**Table 7: Sugar cane (Qld, NSW, NT and WA only)**

CROP STAGE GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
From early tillering to maturity	Balsum pear Blackberry nightshade Blue billygoat weed Centro Cowpea Giant sensitive plant Lablab bean Noogoora burr Phasey bean Pinkburr Prickly African cucumber Spinyhead sida Stinking passion flower (seedlings only)	Apply from 2 to 3 leaf until flowering	<b>Ground:</b> 1.3 <b>Aerial:</b> 1.5	For optimal weed control, delay application until just before the “close-in” stage. <b>Aerial application:</b> Apply in not less than 60 L/ha water and add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1L/100L spray mixture. <b>Ground application:</b> Apply in 100 – 400 L/ha water and add Uptake Spraying Oil at 500 mL/100L of spray mixture.
	Bellvine, Morning glory Red or pink convolvulus Star-of-Bethlehem		As above + 800mL Amine 625	
	Stinking passion flower	Established or ratoon plants with at least 1.0 m of regrowth	<b>High volume:</b> 450 mL/100 L water <b>Knapsack</b> 70 mL/15 L water	Thoroughly wet plants to the point of run-off.
	Milkweed ( <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i> )	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering.	3 or 2.3 + 4 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	Better control will be achieved with the atrazine mixture. Delay application until just before the cane reaches the “close-in” stage. This will improve control and minimise the number of seedlings that germinate.

**Table 8: Lucerne (NSW only) (established only)**

CROP STAGE GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Established crops at least eighteen months old	Annual ground cherry Bathurst burr Noogoora burr Wild gooseberry	2 to 8 leaf up to 15 cm high	0.5	To minimise crop injury and to maximise weed control, cut, slash or heavily graze the lucerne before application. Wherever possible, irrigate before application to stimulate weed growth.  <b>DO NOT</b> treat crops growing on sandy or stony soils  <b>DO NOT</b> treat crops after the summer growing season (after end of March). To broaden the spectrum of weeds controlled, Acclaim can be mixed with 2,4-DB Amine
	Pigweed	Up to 10 cm diameter		

**Table 9: Poppies (Tas only)**

CROP STAGE GROWTH	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
4 to 6 leaf	Cleavers Fumitory	2 to 6 leaf	1	
	Shepherd's purse Wireweed		1 + 5 Asulox	
8 to 10 leaf	Common sowthistle Prickly lettuce	2 to 5 leaf	1	<b>DO NOT</b> apply Acclaim to poppies later than the 8 to 10 leaf growth stage as a reduction of alkaloid content could occur.
	Black nightshade	Cotyledon to 4 leaf	1.5	
	Fumitory	6 to 10 leaf		This rate will provide season long control of volunteer potato, but will not control all daughter tubers and will only suppress potatoes over 15 cm tall.
	Volunteer potato	From tuber initiation to flower bud		

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THE LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**WITHHOLDING PERIODS:**

**Grazing:**

DO NOT GRAZE FAILED CROPS AND TREATED PASTURES OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

**Harvest:**

Poppies - DO NOT SPRAY POPPIES LATER THAN 10 WEEKS BEFORE HARVEST.  
Other Crops - Not required when used as directed.

**MINIMUM RE-CROPPING PERIODS**

PLANT-BACK PERIODS FOR CROPS FOLLOWING THE APPLICATION OF ACCLAIM FOR RATES UP TO 1.5 L/HA			
RATE L/ha	0.375	0.75	1.5
CROP	DAYS		
Barley	7	7	7
Wheat	7	7	7
Chickpea	7	7	7
Cotton	14	14	28
Soybean	7	7	14
Sunflower	7	7	7
Maize	7	7	7
Sorghum	7	7	7

**NOTE:** Before using Acclaim in tank mixes with other herbicides, check the plant-back information on all product labels. The time between spraying and planting will be determined by the most residual product, i.e. the product with the longest plant-back period.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

### MIXING

Acclaim may be mixed with water or diesel. Mix only sufficient chemical for each day's use and avoid storing.

**Mixing in Water:** Half fill the spray tank with water and add the required quantity of Acclaim and complete filling. Agitate continuously to ensure thorough mixing before and during application.

**Mixing in Diesel:** Half fill the tank with diesel and add the required quantity of Acclaim. Add the remainder of the diesel and agitate or shake to mix contents.

**Tank mixtures:** Wettable powder or dry flowable formulations (e.g. water dispersible granules) should be added to the spray tank first, followed by suspension concentrates (flowables), water soluble salts and then emulsifiable concentrate formulations (Acclaim). Add spraying oils and surfactants (wettters) last.

## OILS AND SURFACTANTS

### Oils

Use only Uptake Spraying Oil at the rate of 500 mL/100 L of spray mix. When using less than 100 L/ha spray volume, ensure a minimum of 250 mL/ha of Uptake is used, unless 1 L/100 L or 1 L/ha is specified.

### Surfactants (wettters)

Use a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant such as Chemwet 1000 or BS1000 at 100 mL/100 L of spray mix where required. When mixed with Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide®, always add Hasten® at 500mL/100L water.

## COMPATIBILITY

Acclaim is compatible with the herbicides listed. Follow any regional restrictions, and all directions and restrictions on the label, of any chemical mixed with Acclaim.

Atrazine (see below)	Glyphosate 360
Metsulfuron methyl (600g/kg)	Glyphosate 450
Broadstrike	Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide
Eclipse	Topik 240 EC (see below)
Diclofop methyl	Tordon 75-D
Triclopyr (600g/L)	Tordon 242
Lontrel	Touchdown
MCPA	2,4-D
Puma S	2,4-DB

## ATRAZINE

### AVOID USING HARD WATER WHEREVER POSSIBLE.

Where hard water cannot be avoided, the addition of CALGON water conditioning agent to the spray tank, at 100 g/100 L water, before adding any herbicide may improve compatibility.

### AGITATION IS VERY IMPORTANT WHEN MIXING ACCLAIM AND ATRAZINE.

Acclaim plus atrazine tank mixes must be agitated vigorously and continuously during mixing and application. After mixing DO NOT allow to stand without agitation. Ensure that the time from mixing to the end of application is not more than 2 hours. If settling out occurs re-suspension is difficult, even with vigorous agitation. Agitation using only the pump's by-pass is usually inadequate, particularly with larger tanks (more than 2000 L). Additional mechanical agitation will be necessary in large tanks, computer sprayers and mixing tanks. When additional surfactant is required, add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of spray mix. DO NOT use a spraying oil when tank mixing Acclaim and atrazine.

## TERBYNE 750 WG HERBICIDE

Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide can be applied to sorghum up to 5-7 leaf stage of the crop. When mixing with Terbyne 750 WG Herbicide, always add Hasten® at 500mL/100L water.

## TOPIK 240 EC

Always use Uptake Spraying Oil with Acclaim + Topik 240 EC tank-mixes at 500 mL/100 L of spray mix with a minimum of 250 mL/ha. DO NOT mix Acclaim with Topik 240 EC if the grass weeds are not actively growing. Always use the maximum label rate of Topik 240 EC for the appropriate grass growth stage. DO NOT use Acclaim at more than 0.75 L/ha in tank mixes with Topik 240 EC.

## GLYPHOSATE 450

When mixing Acclaim with Glyphosate 450 to control both grass and broadleaf weeds, refer to the Glyphosate 450 label for use rates and adjuvants recommended for the grasses. DO NOT use Glyphosate 450 at less than 1.2 L/ha in tank mixes with Acclaim, when barnyard grass, buttongrass, crowsfoot grass, native millet and liverseed grass are the target species.

## **APPLICATION METHODS and WATER RATES**

### **BROADCAST APPLICATION IN CROPPING, PASTURE AND FALLOW SITUATIONS**

#### **A. Ground application (Boom)**

Apply Acclaim with an accurately calibrated boom sprayer, in at least 50 L/ha water (100-400 L/ha for sugar cane). Flat nozzles are recommended using pressures in the range 200 to 300 kPa. Set the boom at a height to ensure a double overlap of the nozzle patterns.

#### **B. Ground directed application (Dropper nozzles)**

To minimise crop effects, dropper nozzles should be used in sorghum when the crop is beyond the 8 leaf growth stage and in maize and sweet corn when the crop is beyond the 6 leaf growth stage. Adjust the nozzles to direct the spray into the base of the crop and away from the leaves and the growing point. See manufacturers directions for setting up and calibration of dropper nozzles

#### **C. Aerial application**

Apply in a minimum volume of at least 35 L/ha water (60 L/ha in sugarcane). Use equipment calibrated to produce droplets with an average diameter (Volume Mean Diameter; VMD) of 250 – 350 microns. DO NOT apply when the temperature is above 30°C, when there is no wind or when the wind is blowing toward susceptible crops. DO NOT use human flaggers unless they are protected by engineering controls such as enclosed cabs.

### **WOODY WEED SITUATIONS**

Weeds must be actively growing to attain optimal effect. Delay the treatment of regrowth following bulldozing, slashing, burning, ploughing or a previous chemical treatment until it has at least 1 metre of new, vigorous, growth.

#### **A. High Volume Application**

##### **Hand Gun**

Apply the recommended mix to obtain full coverage of leaves and stems using a number 6 – 8 tip at 700 to 1500 kPa. To obtain good coverage, a spray volume of 1500 to 4000 L/ha (15 to 40 L/100m<sup>2</sup>) is required per infested hectare. Ensure thorough coverage to the point of runoff.

##### **Knapsack**

Knapsack sprayers may be used on smaller infestations where penetration and coverage of the canopy is easier to achieve. Use the same use rate and spray techniques as for handgun application.

#### **B. Low Volume, High Concentrate Application**

##### **Drench Gun or Gas-Powered Gun**

Apply the recommended mixture uniformly across the foliage by applying 50mL shots to cover 4 to 5 m<sup>2</sup> of surface area of plant. This is approximately equivalent to 20 droplets per cm<sup>2</sup> of the leaf surface. Use a marking agent as recommended by the equivalent manufacturer to check spray coverage.

#### **C. Basal Bark and Cut Stump Application**

##### **Basal Bark**

DO NOT apply to wet stems as this can repel the diesel mixture. Spray or paint the recommended mixture around the base of each stem from ground level to a height of at least 30 cm from the ground, wetting the bark to the point of runoff. Apply with a paint brush or a pressure sprayer with an approximate lance and solid cone nozzle. If using spray equipment use low pressures ( $\leq$  200 kPa) sufficient to form a cone of spray. Old rough bark will require more spray than smooth or young thin bark.

##### **Cut Stump**

Apply the recommended mixture liberally to the freshly cut stump immediately after cutting. Apply by spraying or painting the cut surface and sides of the stump. Best results are obtained when the stems are cut less than 15 cm above the ground.

### **CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT**

**Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto wasteland away from desirable plants and water courses.**

#### **Cleaning equipment after using water-based sprays:**

**Rinsing:** After using Acclaim Herbicide, empty the tank completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the spray unit using a pressure hose. Drain and clean any filters in the tank, pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. After cleaning the tank as above, quarter fill the clean water and circulate through the pump, lines and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsing procedure twice.

**Decontamination (before spraying cotton and other sensitive crops; see PROTECTION OF CROPS):** Wash the tank and rinse the system as above. Then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent (e.g. liquid SURF, OMO, DRIVE) at 500 mL/100L of water or the powder equivalent at 500 g/100 L and circulate throughout the system for at last fifteen minutes. Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain.

### **Cleaning equipment after using diesel – based sprays:**

On completion of spraying, use a degreaser such as Caltex Kwik-D-Grease to remove traces of diesel from the sprayer. Rinse tank and spray through nozzles with water to remove degreaser. Then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent (e.g. liquid SURF, OMO, DRIVE) at 50 mL/10L of water or the powder equivalent at 50 g/10 L. Shake sprayer to circulate the washing solution throughout the sprayer, then spray the solution through the nozzles. Rinse well with clean water to remove the detergent. To clean brushes and containers, spray liberally with degreaser. Hose off with clean water and repeat using detergents as above. DO NOT use this equipment for any other purpose.

### **RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING**

#### **GROUP I HERBICIDE**

Acclaim Herbicide is a member of the pyridine group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individual can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds. Strategies to minimize the risk of herbicide resistance are available. Contact your farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or Sipcam representative.

### **PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS**

Susceptible crops include but are not limited to clovers, cotton, fruit, hops, lupins, ornamentals, peas, pine tree, potatoes, navy beans, safflower, shade trees, soybeans, sunflower, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables and vines. Acclaim can be damaging to susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Grasses are normally unaffected by Acclaim and establish quickly after treatment. Transitory damage can occur on some species particularly those that spread by stolons such as couch grass (*Cynodon dactylon*), Kikuyu grass and carpet grass (*Axonopus* sp.) DO NOT allow spray to drift onto susceptible crops, shade trees and *Pinus* spp.. DO NOT use under weather conditions or from spraying equipment which could cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants.

### **PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK**

DO NOT graze or cut treated crops or plants for food except as specified under withholding periods. Poisonous plants may become more palatable after spraying. DO NOT allow stock to re-enter paddocks containing treated poisonous plants, until the plants have died down.

### **PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT**

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. Alongside waterways, treat only noxious weeds and poisonous plants.

### **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

#### **Refillable containers**

Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

### **SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT**

Wear protective equipment (See **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal (see **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL** section). If necessary wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb the wash liquid for disposal.

### **SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing the spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow length PVC gloves, a face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

### **FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 13 1126). If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.



**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

For further information, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier or from our web site, [www.sipcam.com.au](http://www.sipcam.com.au)

**NOTICE TO BUYER**

This product must be used in accordance with the directions for use. Where this product is not a good of a kind ordinarily acquired for personal, domestic or household use or consumption under the Australian Consumer Law, Sipcam's liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss which you incur, including, without limitation, loss or damage to crop, loss of equipment, property damage, personal injury or death is limited, at Sipcam's option, to the replacement of the product or the supply of an equivalent product. By opening this package, you agree to be bound by these terms. If you do not agree to these terms, please return the entire unopened package intact to Sipcam or the place in which you purchased this product for a full refund.